

Panaji, 30th October, 1980 (Kartika 8, 1902)

SERIES I No. 31

# OFFICIAL GAZETTE

## GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

### GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms

#### Notification

1/47/74-PER

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, read with the Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs' Notification No. F.7(11)/62-Goa dt. 25-7-1963 and Ministry of Home Affairs' Notification No. F.1/29/68-GP dt. 29-6-1968, the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu is pleased to make the following rules relating to recruitment to Group 'A' and 'B' Gazetted posts in the Directorate of Agriculture, Panaji, under the Govt. of Goa, Daman and Diu.

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called Government of Goa, Daman and Diu, Directorate of Agriculture, Panaji, Group 'A' and 'B' Gazetted posts Recruitment Rules, 1980.

2. **Application.**—These rules shall apply to the posts specified in column 1 of the Schedule to these rules.

3. **Number, classification and scale of pay.**—The number of posts, classification of the said posts and the scales of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in columns 2 to 4 of the said Schedule.

4. **Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications.**—The method of recruitment to the said posts, age limit, qualifications and other matters connected therewith shall be as specified in columns 5 to 13 of the aforesaid Schedule.

Provided that,

- (a) the maximum age limit specified in the Schedule in respect of direct recruitment may be relaxed in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other special categories in accordance with the orders issued by the Govt. from time to time;

#### (b) "Disqualification

No person

- i) who has entered into or contracted a marriage with a person having a spouse living; or
- ii) who, having a spouse living, has entered into or contracted a marriage with any person, shall be eligible for appointment to the service provided that the Government may, if satisfied that such marriage is permissible under the personal law applicable to such person and the other party to the marriage and that there are other grounds for so doing, exempt any person from the operation of this rule".

- (c) *Saving:* Nothing in these rules shall affect reservations, relaxation of age-limit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by the Central Government from time to time in this regard.

#### (d) "Power to relax

where the Govt. is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, by order, for reasons to be recorded in writing and in consultation with the Union Public Service Commission, relax any of the provision of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons".

5. These rules will come into effect from the date of the Notification and will relate to appointments to the various posts made on or after this date.

6. These rules are issued in supersession of the rules existing for the posts and with the approval of the UPSC granted vide No. F.3/29(12)/78-RR dt. 23-1-1980.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. H. Mascarenhas, Under Secretary (Personnel).

Panaji, 26th September, 1980.

# SCHEDULE

Name of the post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Whether benefit of added years of service admissible under rule 30 of the C. C. S. (Pension) Rules, 1972	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	Whether age & Educational Qualifications prescribed for the direct recruit will apply in the case of promotees	Period of probation if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or by deputation/transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of recruitment by promotion/deputation/transfer, grades from which promotion/deputation/transfer is to be made	If a D.P.C. exists, what is its composition	Circumstances in which Union Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	6 a.	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. a) Director of Agriculture — 1 b) In-charge Research Station Ela — 1 c) Project Officer — 1 d) Project Officer (Sugarcane). — 1	4	General Central Service Group 'A' Gazetted.	Rs. 1100-50-1600.	Selection	Not exceeding 40 years. (Relaxable for Govt. servants).  Note: The crucial date for determining the age limit shall be the closing date for receipt of applications from candidates in India (other than those in Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep).	No.	<i>Essential:</i> i) Master's degree in Agriculture of a recognised University or equivalent. ii) 7 years' experience in agricultural research / extension / Development.  <i>Note 1:</i> Qualifications are relaxable at the discretion of the U.P.S.C. in case of candidates otherwise well qualified.  <i>Note 2:</i> The qualification(s) regarding experience is/are relaxable at the discretion of the U.P.S.C. in the case of candidates belonging to scheduled castes and scheduled tribes if, at any stage of selection, the U.P.S.C. is of the opinion that sufficient number of candidates from these communities possessing the requisite experience are not likely to be available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them.  <i>Desirable:</i> i) Doctorate degree. ii) Knowledge of local language(s) / dialect(s).	Age: No. Edl. Qls. To the extent indicated in column 11.	2 years	By promotion failing which by transfer on deputation (including short-term contract), and failing both by direct recruitment.	<i>Promotion:</i> 1) Agricultural Officer. 2) Entomologist. 3) Principal, Extension Training Centre. 4) District Training Officer. 5) Subject Matter Specialist (Plant Protection). 6) Subject matter Specialist (Agro-nomy). 7) Subject Matter Specialist (Soil). 8) Sugarcane Development Officer. 9) Agronomist. 10) Horticulture Development Officer (Banana). 11) Soil Conservation Officer with 5 years' regular service in the grade and possessing Degree in Agriculture from a	1. Group 'A' DPC for considering promotion: i) Chairman / Member of UPSC — Chairman. ii) Chief Secretary—Member. iii) Administrative Secretary — Member  2. Group 'A' DPC for considering confirmation: i) Chief Secretary—Chairman. ii) Administrative Secretary—Member.  <i>Note:</i> The proceedings of the DPC relating to confirmation shall be sent to the Commission for approval. If, however, these are not approved by the Commission a fresh meeting of the DPC to be presided over by the Chairman or a Member of the UPSC shall be held.	Selection on each occasion shall be made in consultation with the UPSC also while amending any of the provisions of these rules.

recognised  
University  
or equivalent.

Transfer on  
deputation  
(including  
short-term  
contract):

a) Officers  
from the Central  
Govt./State Go-  
vernments/Agric-  
ultural Univer-  
sities/ICAR and  
other Councils/  
Agricultural  
Research Ins-  
titutions —

i) holding ana-  
logous posts;  
or ii) with 5  
years' ser-  
vice in posts  
in the scale  
of Rs. 700-  
1300 or equi-  
valent, and

b) possessing  
educational qua-  
lifications and  
experience of the  
type laid down  
for direct re-  
cruits under co-  
lumn 7. (Period  
of deputation/  
contract shall  
ordinarily not  
exceed 3 years).

2. a) Dis- trict Tra- ining Of- ficer — 1	8	— do —	Rs. 700- 40-900- -EB-40- 1100- -50- -1300.	— do —	Not ex- ceeding 35 years. (Re- laxable for Govt. ser- vants).	— do —	<i>Essential:</i> i) Master's degree in Agriculture of a recognised Univer- sity or equivalent. ii) 3 years' experience in research/field research / extension work / development work. <i>Note 1:</i> Qualifications are relaxable at the discretion of the U.P.S.C. in case of candidates other- wise well qualified. <i>Note 2:</i> The qualifi- cation(s) regarding experience is/are re- laxable at the dis- cretion of the U.P. S.C. in the case of	Age: No. Edl. Qls. To the ex- tent indi- cated in column 11.	— do —	By promotion fail- ing which by transfer on de- putation (inclu- ding short-term contract), and failing both by direct recruit- ment.	<i>Promotion:</i> i) Assistant Agricultural Officer Grade I. ii) Research Of- ficer (Agriculture). iii) Radio Con- tact Officer. iv) Training Of- ficer (Male). v) Subject Mat- ter Specialist. vi) Mango Deve- lopment Of- ficer; with 3 years' re- gular service in the grade and possessing degree	1. Group 'A' DPC (for considering promotion) i) Chairman/ Member of UPSC — Chair- man. ii) Chief Se- cretary— Member. iii) Adminis- trative Se- cretary — Member iv) Head of the Deptt. — Member. 2. Group 'A' DPC for con- sidering con- firmation:	Selection on each occa- sion shall be made in con- sultation with the UPSC. Con- sultation with the UPSC also necessary while amen- ding / relax- ing any of the provi- sions of these rules.
b) Sub- ject Mat- ter Spe- cialist (Plant Pro- tec- tion) — 1					<i>Note:</i> The crucial date for deter- mining the age limit shall be the closing date for receipt of applica- tions from candidates in India (other than those in Andaman & Nicobar Is-								
c) Sub- ject Mat- ter Spe- cialist (Agro- nomy) — 1													
d) Ento- mologist — 1													



vii) Grade Assistant. are not approved by the Commission, a fresh meeting of the DPC to be presided over by the Chairman or a Member of the UPSC shall be held.

viii) Demonstrator (Male). Soil Surveyor; with 8 years service in the grade and possessing Degree in Agriculture from a recognised University or equivalent.

experience is/are relaxable at the discretion of the U.P.S.C. in the case of candidates belonging to scheduled castes and scheduled tribes if, at any stage of selection, the U.P.S.C. is of the opinion that sufficient number of candidates from these communities possessing the requisite experience are not likely to be available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them.

*Desirable:*

Knowledge of local language(s) / dialect(s).

those in Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep).

Senior Specialist f) Mango Development Officer.

### Notification

2/8/74-PER (Vol. II)

The Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu is pleased to hold in abeyance the Notification of even number dated 29-7-1980 published in Official Gazette, Series I, No. 19 dated 7-8-1980 prescribing syllabi for conducting examination for filling the vacancies of Group 'C' common ministerial posts mentioned therein by promotion pending further review. The competitive examination for filling up the posts by direct recruitment, however, will continue.

2. The provision for holding competitive examination for filling up other posts as laid down in para 2(a) of Office Memorandum of even number dated 12-5-1980 by promotion is also held in abeyance pending further review.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. H. Mascarenhas, Under Secretary (Personnel).

Panaji, 21st October, 1980.

### Home Department (Passports)

### Notification

HD/33/1676/65

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1964 (No. 6 of 1964) the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following rules so as to amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Rules, 1965 as follows, namely :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) These Rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property (Amendment) Rules, 1980.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Deletion of Rule 3.*—Rule 3 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Rules, 1965, shall be deleted.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Buto Dessai, Passport Officer.

Panaji, 21st October, 1980.

### Industries and Labour Department

### ORDER

2/70/80-ILD

Whereas the Karnataka Electricity Board has imposed Demand restrictions on supply of power to Goa;

And Whereas the Government of Goa finds it expedient so to do for maintaining the supply and

securing equitable distribution of power for the electricity consumers in Goa thereof;

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 B of the Indian Electricity Act (Central Act 9 of 1910), the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following order, namely:—

I. All H. T. Consumers who are working for two shifts and above, shall, except on Sundays and industrial holidays, restrict their maximum demand to two thirds of their average maximum demand evaluated during the past three working months, from 17.30 to 20.30 hours only on every working day.

II. All cold storage plants and air conditioning loads of Commercial or Industrial Establishments, Cinema theatres and Hotels shall switch off their air conditioning and refrigerators loads, except lighting loads and minor appliances, from 17.30 hours to 20.30 hours.

III. All L. T. Industrial and motive power consumers shall switch off their complete installations from 17.30 hours to 20.30 hours, barring lighting.

IV. All H. T. consumers who are working on single shifts and have a weekly off shall, observe their weekly off on such day of the week as the Chief Electrical Engineer may direct.

*Note:*—The following installations shall be exempted from the purview of this notification, namely:—

- i) Hospitals;
- ii) Educational Institutions and Hostels;
- iii) National Institute of Oceanography;
- iv) Lift Irrigation Schemes;
- v) Defence Installations;
- vi) Govt. Printing Press;

Any consumer found violating the above order shall be summarily disconnected and shall not be reconnected until restrictions are finally withdrawn. This order comes in force with immediate effect.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

M. S. Sail, Under Secretary (Industries and Labour).

Panaji, 28th October, 1980.

Finance Department (Revenue and Control)

### Notification

Fin (Rev)/2-42/2/68

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section 1 of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (Central Act No. 2 of 1899) as extended to

the Union Territory Goa, Daman and Diu, the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu is pleased to remit the Stamp Duty payable under the said Act, in respect of the instruments executed by or behalf of the fishermen in the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for obtaining loans for fishing purposes and for allied pursuits and such other pursuits connected with fishing, from the Banking Companies and also in respect of the instruments of reconveyance executed by the Banking Companies in favour of such fishermen.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

A. P. Panvelkar, Under Secretary (Finance).

Panaji, 13th October, 1980.

### Notification

Fin (R&C)/2-35/23/Part/1/72

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of sub-section (2) of section 22 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Excise Duty Act, 1964 (5 of 1964), and all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following rules so as to further amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Excise Duty Rules, 1964 as follows, namely:—

1. **Short title and commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Excise Duty (Second Amendment) Rules, 1980.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. **Amendment of Rule 104.**—For Rule 104 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Excise Duty Rules, 1964 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"104—Transfer of a licence or a shop:—

(1) A licence granted under Rule 90 to an individual or an association of individuals such as a firm and a legal person such as a company is purely personal and is not transferable.

(2) The Commissioner may, however, on an application under this sub-rule, by a person succeeding otherwise than by testamentary succession to the estate or any part of the estate of a person holding a licence, permit such person the use of the licence despite the location of the premises within prohibited limits specified in Rule 90 and in that case call for the licence and change the name of the licensee by incorporating the name of the person so succeeding.

(3) No liquor shop shall be transferred from one licensed premises to another premises unless the licensee has obtained previous written permission to do so from the Commissioner and while granting such permission the Commissioner shall have due regard to the restrictions specified in Rule 90.

(4) No liquor shop shall be transferred by any licensee to another person unless such person has procured a written permission from the

Commissioner to do so or procured a valid licence therefor. The Commissioner may permit the continuance of the liquor shop in the premises in case of such transfers despite the location of the premises within prohibited limits specified in Rule 90.

(5) When a licence has been granted to an association of individuals, no new individual shall be admitted to the said association without the written permission from the Commissioner.

(6) The Commissioner shall enter the description of the new premises in the licence whenever a liquor shop is transferred from one licensed premises to another licensed premises.

(7) The provisions of this rule shall mutatis mutandis apply to licences issued under rules 41, 43, 53 or 54".

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

A. P. Panvelkar, Under Secretary (Finance).

Panaji, 22nd October, 1980.

#### Law Department (Legal Advice)

#### Notification

7/1/80/LGL

The following Notifications received from the Government of India Ministry of Industry, Department of Industrial Development, Central Boilers Board, New Delhi are hereby republished for general information of the public.

R. V. Durbhatker, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 30th September, 1980.

#### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

#### MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY

(Department of Industrial Development)

Central Boilers Board

New Delhi, the 21st July, 1980

#### Notification

The following draft of certain regulations further to amend the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boiler Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), is hereby published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration at the end of forty five days from the date the Gazette containing this notification of publication is made available to the public.

2. Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said

draft within the period so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development), Udyog Bhavan, New Delhi.

#### DRAFT REGULATIONS

1. These regulations may be called the Indian Boiler (... Amendment) Regulations, 1980.

2. In the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950 (hereinafter referred to as the said regulations), in regulations 10, for clause (a) the following shall be substituted namely:—

(a) The Steel shall not contain more than 0.05% percent of sulphur or phosphorus and the Oxygen process steel shall in addition not contain more than 0.009 percent of nitrogen".

3. In the said regulations, in regulation 36, for clause (a), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(a) "Material process.—The tubes shall be seamless and made of steel produced by an Open Hearth or Electric process or any of the oxygen processes. The steel shall not contain more than 0.05 percent of sulphur or phosphorus and the oxygen process steel shall in addition not contain more than 0.009 percent of nitrogen. The manufacturers shall supply a certificate of analysis when required to do so".

4. In the said regulations, in regulation 48, in clause (a) for the words "The tubes shall be manufactured from steel produced by the Open Hearth or Electric process", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"The tubes shall be manufactured from steel produced by the Open Hearth or Electric process or any of the Oxygen processes".

5. In the said regulations, in regulation 53, in clause (a), for the words "The tubes shall be manufactured from steel produced by the Open Hearth or Electric process", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"The tubes shall be manufactured from steel produced by the Open Hearth or Electric process or any of the Oxygen processes".

6. In the said regulations, in regulation 58, for clause (a), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(a) Material process.—The steel shall be produced by an Open Hearth or Electric process or any of the Oxygen processes. The steel shall not contain more than 0.05 percent of sulphur or of phosphorus and the Oxygen process steel shall in addition not contain more than 0.009 percent of nitrogen".

7. In the said regulations, in regulation 74, in clause (b), the following shall be added at the end, namely:—

"The steel shall comply with the chemical composition specified in the table above and the

Oxygen process steel shall in addition not contain more than 0.009 percent of nitrogen".

8. In the said regulations, in regulation 81, for clause (b), the following shall be substituted namely:—

"(b) *Chemical analysis*.—The steel shall not contain more than 0.05 per cent of sulphur or of phosphorus and Oxygen process steel shall in addition not contain more than 0.009 per cent of nitrogen".

9. In the said regulations, in regulation 360, for clause (b) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(b):—Where pipes are butt welded together such welds shall be effectively stress relieved only when a wall thickness exceeds 20 mm. or carbon content of the material exceeds 0.025% per cent or pipes are made of alloy steel in accordance with the following:

(i) For carbon steel, a stress relieving heat treatment shall be performed by heating the part to at least 600+20°C.

When required by the characteristics of the material, different temperatures may be necessary to obtain proper stress-relieving. The part to be stress relieved shall be brought slowly up to the specified temperature and held at that temperature for a period proportionate on the basis of at least 2½ minutes per millimeter of the maximum thickness of the part (approximately one hour per twenty five milli-meter of thickness) and shall be left to cool in the furnace to a temperature which, for parts with thickness greater than 20 millimeter does not exceed 400°C. After withdrawal from the furnace, the part shall be allowed to cool in a still atmosphere.

A temperature-time diagram of the stress-relieving process shall be provided when the Inspecting Authority requires it.

(2) For alloy steel a stress-relieving heat treatment shall be carried out on the basis of the composition of the alloy as shown in the table below:—

TABLE

Type of steel	Range of temperature	Time at temperature per 25 mm of thickness of plate
C ½ MO	620°C-650°C	1 Hour (1 hour min.)
½ Cr ½ MO		
1 Cr ½ MO	620°-660°C	1 Hour (1 hour min.)
1½ Cr. ½ MO		
2½ Cr 1 MO	660°C-750°C	1 Hour (1 hour min.)

Heat treatment shall be carried out by one of the following methods:

(i) Local heating using a portable muffle induction coils, or other suitable heating appliance. Particular care shall be taken to apply heat uniformly over the area to be treated. The use of procedures that do not provide adequate control for this purpose, such as manual operation of gas torches, is not permissible. The temperature shall be maintained symmetrically over peripheral band of metal of a minimum width of three

times the width of the butt welded preparation. The temperature shall be measured by thermo couples pinned, welded or otherwise, suitably attached to the surface of the pipe and, where necessary, protected from flame impingement.

(ii) Heating in stationary industrial furnace. The temperature of the joint shall be measured by thermo couples so disposed within the furnace as to give a true measure of the joint temperature".

10. In the said regulation, in Appendix 'G', in the list of "Well known Steel Makers", the following shall be added at end, namely:—

"66. M/s Bokaro Steel Ltd.,  
Main Administrative Building,  
Bokaro Steel City-1  
Distt. Dhanbad (Bihar)".

Sd/-

(S. C. DEY)

Secretary, Central Boilers Board.

F. No. 6(17)/74-Boilers

Notification

New Delhi, the 12th May, 1980

G. S. R. — Whereas certain regulations, further to amend the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, were published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923) at pages 1478 to 1479 of the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3—Sub-Section (i), dated the 2nd June, 1979 under the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development) (Central Boilers Board) No. G. S. R. 754, dated the 4th May, 1979 inviting objections and suggestions from all persons likely to be affected thereby till the 7th September, 1979.

And Whereas the said Gazette was made available to the public on the 7th June, 1979;

And Whereas no objections or suggestions have been received;

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), the Central Boilers Board hereby makes the following regulations further to amend the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, namely:—

1. (1) These regulations may be called the Indian Boiler (Third Amendment) Regulations, 1980.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, for clause (4) of regulations 3, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(4). Where no provision is made in these regulations for design or manufacture of any pressure part, the Board may permit the design, manufacture, stage inspections and certification of such pressure part including the valves, mounting and fittings to the codes or standards, which

are known to be commonly used in industrially advanced countries, for use in the country".

Sd/-

(S. C. DEY)

Secretary, Central Boilers Board.

F. No. 6(4)/76-Boilers.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

(BHARAT SARKAR)

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

(SHRAM MANTRALAYA)

Notification

*Dated New Delhi, the 3rd September, 1980*

S. O. No. — In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948) the Central Government hereby adds to Part I of the Schedule to that Act, the employment in Granite mines, notice of its intention to do so having already been given by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S. O. 561, dated the 27th February, 1980, published at 665 of the Gazette of India Part II, Section 3, sub-section (ii), dated the 8th March, 1980, as required by the said section.

(R. S. DESHPANDE)

Deputy Secretary.

[No. S-32017/3/78-WC (MW)]

Notification

*Dated New Delhi, the 4th September, 1980*

S. O. — Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is expedient in the public interest to add to the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the industry of 'Magnesite Mining';

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 40 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby adds the following item to the First Schedule to the said Act, after item (23) thereof, namely: —

"24. Magnesite Mining".

(L. K. NARAYANAN)

Under Secretary

No. S.11017/5/79-D. I. A. (i)

Notification

*Dated New Delhi, the 4th September, 1980*

S. O. — Whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the public interest requires that the Magnesite Mining Industry which is specified in the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), should be declared to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of Section 2

of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby declare with immediate effect the said industry to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act for a period of six months.

(L. K. NARAYANAN)

Under Secretary.

No. S-11017/5/79-D. I. A. (ii)

Notification

7/1/80-LGL

The following Central Act namely: — The Appropriation Act (No. 3) of 1980, which was recently passed by the Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 31st July, 1980 and published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section I dated 31st July, 1980 is hereby republished for general information of the public.

R. V. Durbhatker, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 8th September, 1980.

The Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 1980

AN

ACT

*to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 1980-81.*

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Thirty-first Year of the Republic of India as follows: —

1. **Short title.** — This Act may be called the Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 1980.

2. **Issue of Rs. 55220,61,08,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the year 1980-81.** — From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate [inclusive of the sums specified in column 3 of the Schedule to the Appropriation (Vote on Account) Act, 1980] to the sum of fifty-five thousand two hundred and twenty crores, sixty-one lakhs and eight thousand rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1980-81, in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule. 11 of 1980

3. **Appropriation.** — The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

4. **Construction of references to Ministries and Departments in the Schedule.** — References to Ministries or Departments in the Schedule are to such Ministries or Departments as existing immediately before the 9th June, 1980, and shall, on or after that date, be construed as references to the appropriate Ministries or Departments as reconstituted from time to time.

**THE SCHEDULE**  
(See sections 2, 3 and 4)

1	2	3			
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding			
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1.	Department of Agriculture and Co-operation ... ..	Revenue	2,84,87,000	10,000	2,84,97,000
2.	Agriculture ... ..	Revenue	91,12,87,000	...	91,12,87,000
		Capital	1003,58,83,000	187,15,40,000	1190,74,23,000
3.	Fisheries ... ..	Revenue	19,30,59,000	...	19,30,59,000
		Capital	20,61,00,000	...	20,61,00,000
4.	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development ... ..	Revenue	132,54,95,000	20,000	132,55,15,000
		Capital	23,99,93,000	7,00,000	24,06,93,000
5.	Forest ... ..	Revenue	20,99,53,000	...	20,99,53,000
		Capital	73,50,000	4,10,50,000	4,84,00,000
6.	Co-operation ... ..	Revenue	26,23,00,000	...	26,23,00,000
		Capital	52,35,25,000	5,59,75,000	57,95,00,000
7.	Department of Food ... ..	Revenue	616,14,05,000	10,60,000	616,24,65,000
		Capital	47,03,08,000	51,00,000	47,54,08,000
8.	Department of Agricultural Research and Education ...	Revenue	19,82,000	...	19,82,000
9.	Payments to Indian Council of Agricultural Research...	Revenue	95,79,90,000	...	95,79,90,000
10.	Ministry of Irrigation ... ..	Revenue	32,39,31,000	...	32,39,31,000
		Capital	9,39,50,000	28,56,00,000	37,95,50,000
11.	Ministry of Commerce ... ..	Revenue	1,65,91,000	...	1,65,91,000
12.	Foreign Trade and Export Production ... ..	Revenue	409,40,13,000	...	409,40,13,000
		Capital	65,21,00,000	...	65,21,00,000
13.	Textiles, Handloom and Handicrafts ... ..	Revenue	113,26,49,000	...	113,26,49,000
		Capital	62,35,95,000	11,55,00,000	73,90,95,000
14.	Ministry of Civil Supplies ... ..	Revenue	10,57,91,000	...	10,57,91,000
		Capital	5,89,75,000	2,63,69,000	8,53,44,000
15.	Ministry of Communications ... ..	Revenue	2,53,16,000	...	2,53,16,000
		Capital	9,97,00,000	...	9,97,00,000
16.	Overseas Communications Service ... ..	Revenue	16,87,81,000	...	16,87,81,000
		Capital	26,91,32,000	...	26,91,32,000
17.	Posts and Telegraphs — Working Expenses ... ..	Revenue	826,04,54,000	50,000	826,05,04,000
18.	Posts and Telegraphs — Dividend to General Revenues, Appropriation to Reserve Funds and Repayment of Loans from General Revenues ... ..	Revenue	220,21,44,000	...	220,21,44,000
19.	Capital Outlay on Posts and Telegraphs ... ..	Capital	451,58,75,000	1,00,000	451,59,75,000
20.	Ministry of Defence ... ..	Revenue	119,10,66,000	...	119,10,66,000
		Capital	93,92,80,000	1,81,16,000	95,73,96,000
21.	Defence Services — Army ... ..	Revenue	2158,34,67,000	70,00,000	2159,04,67,000
22.	Defence Services — Navy ... ..	Revenue	216,54,60,000	1,50,000	216,56,10,000
23.	Defence Services — Air Force ... ..	Revenue	866,48,20,000	2,00,000	866,50,20,000
24.	Defence Services — Pensions ... ..	Revenue	228,51,78,000	60,000	228,52,38,000
25.	Capital Outlay on Defence Services ... ..	Capital	326,47,00,000	1,00,00,000	327,47,00,000
26.	Department of Education ... ..	Revenue	1,97,94,000	...	1,97,94,000
27.	Education ... ..	Revenue	238,06,63,000	...	238,06,63,000
		Capital	5,35,40,000	4,01,00,000	9,36,40,000
28.	Department of Culture ... ..	Revenue	12,26,20,000	...	12,26,20,000
29.	Archaeology ... ..	Revenue	7,04,00,000	...	7,04,00,000
30.	Ministry of Energy ... ..	Revenue	65,96,27,000	...	65,96,27,000
		Capital	539,81,54,000	10,84,49,000	550,66,03,000
31.	Ministry of External Affairs ... ..	Revenue	137,66,47,000	25,000	137,66,72,000
		Capital	19,37,17,000	...	19,37,17,000
32.	Ministry of Finance ... ..	Revenue	37,96,39,000	40,000	37,96,79,000
		Capital	1,41,40,000	...	1,41,40,000
33.	Customs ... ..	Revenue	40,81,66,000	45,000	40,82,11,000
		Capital	6,25,00,000	—	6,25,00,000
34.	Union Excise Duties ... ..	Revenue	52,86,93,000	3,54,000	52,90,47,000
35.	Taxes on Income, Estate Duty, Wealth Tax and Gift Tax ... ..	Revenue	56,08,13,000	2,33,000	56,10,46,000

1	2	3	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
36.	Stamps ... ..	Revenue	19,71,08,000	...	19,71,08,000
		Capital	1,02,42,000	...	1,02,42,000
37.	Audit ... ..	Revenue	67,42,82,000	1,23,84,000	68,66,66,000
38.	Currency Coinage and Mint ... ..	Revenue	44,51,30,000	...	44,51,30,000
		Capital	24,35,74,000	...	24,35,74,000
39.	Pensions ... ..	Revenue	67,23,96,000	59,14,000	67,83,10,000
40.	Opium and Alkaloid Factories ... ..	Revenue	30,85,72,000	1,000	30,85,73,000
		Capital	87,07,00	...	87,07,000
41.	Transfers to State Governments ... ..	Revenue	970,88,16,000	2984,41,00,000	3955,29,16,000
		Capital	...	2632,26,00,000	2632,26,00,000
	Charged — Interest Payments ... ..	Revenue	...	2597,63,53,000	2597,63,53,000
42.	Other Expenditure of the Ministry of Finance ... ..	Revenue	1262,71,32,000	4,07,000	1262,75,39,000
		Capital	900,07,32,000	3,00,00,000	903,07,32,000
43.	Loans to Government Servants, etc. ... ..	Capital	82,00,82,000	...	82,00,82,000
	Charged — Repayment of Debt ... ..	Capital	...	26988,23,54,000	26988,23,54,000
44.	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare ... ..	Revenue	1,08,02,000	...	1,08,02,000
45.	Medical and Public Health ... ..	Revenue	169,74,66,000	...	169,74,66,000
		Capital	72,84,53,000	3,00,000	72,87,53,000
46.	Family Welfare ... ..	Revenue	155,09,66,000	...	155,09,66,000
47.	Ministry of Home Affairs ... ..	Revenue	3,26,56,000	...	3,26,56,000
48.	Cabinet ... ..	Revenue	1,32,03,000	...	1,32,03,000
49.	Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms ... ..	Revenue	8,89,32,000	5,000	8,89,37,000
		Capital	...	1,10,00,000	1,10,00,000
50.	Police ... ..	Revenue	265,60,15,000	2,61,000	265,62,76,000
		Capital	9,89,00,000	1,00,000	9,90,00,000
51.	Census ... ..	Revenue	19,67,68,000	...	19,67,68,000
52.	Other Expenditure of the Ministry of Home Affairs ... ..	Revenue	322,38,94,000	88,66,83,000	411,05,77,000
		Capital	100,58,31,000	1,22,25,000	101,80,56,000
53.	Delhi ... ..	Revenue	171,87,42,000	79,42,000	172,66,84,000
		Capital	98,84,50,000	1,70,00,000	100,54,50,000
54.	Chandigarh ... ..	Revenue	28,73,37,000	86,56,000	29,59,93,000
		Capital	15,77,03,000	35,00,000	16,12,03,000
55.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands ... ..	Revenue	30,81,88,000	8,000	30,81,96,000
		Capital	19,17,74,000	...	19,17,74,000
56.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli ... ..	Revenue	3,06,01,000	...	3,06,01,000
		Capital	3,62,72,000	...	3,62,72,000
57.	Lakshadweep ... ..	Revenue	7,55,88,000	...	7,55,88,000
		Capital	1,79,37,000	...	1,79,37,000
58.	Ministry of Industry ... ..	Revenue	3,28,83,000	...	3,28,83,000
59.	Industries ... ..	Revenue	29,37,60,000	...	29,37,60,000
		Capital	280,08,93,000	...	280,08,93,000
60.	Village and Small Industries ... ..	Revenue	29,01,44,000	5,00,00,000	34,01,44,000
		Capital	2,14,00,000	4,00,00,000	6,14,00,000
61.	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting ... ..	Revenue	90,60,000	...	90,60,000
62.	Information and Publicity ... ..	Revenue	22,76,51,000	...	22,76,51,000
		Capital	2,16,68,000	...	2,16,68,000
63.	Broadcasting ... ..	Revenue	73,43,89,000	...	73,43,89,000
		Capital	15,19,67,000	...	15,19,67,000
64.	Ministry of Labour ... ..	Revenue	88,16,000	...	88,16,000
65.	Labour and Employment ... ..	Revenue	64,82,52,000	25,000	64,82,77,000
		Capital	15,75,000	...	15,75,000
66.	Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs ... ..	Revenue	26,57,53,000	...	26,57,53,000
		Capital	1,00,000	...	1,00,000
67.	Administration of Justice ... ..	Revenue	71,18,000	1,05,45,000	1,76,63,000
68.	Ministry of Petroleum, Chemicals and Fertilizers ... ..	Revenue	1,08,39,000	...	1,08,39,000
69.	Petroleum and Petrochemicals Industries ... ..	Revenue	90,57,14,000	...	90,57,14,000
		Capital	102,22,74,000	...	102,22,74,000
70.	Chemicals and Fertilizers Industries ... ..	Revenue	178,34,91,000	...	178,34,91,000
		Capital	324,54,08,000	...	324,54,08,000
71.	Ministry of Planning ... ..	Revenue	3,92,000	...	3,92,000
72.	Statistics ... ..	Revenue	16,68,27,000	...	16,68,27,000
73.	Planning Commission ... ..	Revenue	5,05,04,000	...	5,05,04,000

1		2		3		
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74.	Ministry of Rural Reconstruction	Revenue	553,34,45,000	6,000	553,34,51,000	
		Capital	84,96,70		84,96,70,000	
75.	Ministry of Shipping and Transport	Revenue	3,43,98,000	10,000	3,44,08,000	
76.	Roads	Revenue	120,01,40,000	25,000	120,01,65,000	
		Capital	113,84,88,000	10,73,00,000	124,57,88,000	
77.	Ports, Lighthouses and Shipping	Revenue	68,03,97,000	4,000	68,04,01,000	
		Capital	203,49,86,000	2,01,50,000	205,51,36,000	
78.	Road and Inland Water Transport	Revenue	1,47,32,000		1,47,32,000	
		Capital	40,75,45,000	77,80,000	41,53,25,000	
79.	Ministry of Social Welfare	Revenue	70,89,67,000		70,89,67,000	
		Capital	93,00,000		93,00,000	
80.	Department of Steel	Revenue	21,09,55,000		21,09,55,000	
		Capital	487,32,90,000	4,40,30,000	491,73,20,000	
81.	Department of Mines	Revenue	56,09,29,000	3,20,000	56,12,49,000	
		Capital	95,63,00,000	40,00,000	96,03,00,000	
82.	Department of Coal	Revenue	108,32,86,000		108,32,86,000	
		Capital	559,55,91,000		559,55,91,000	
83.	Department of Supply	Revenue	25,06,000		25,06,000	
84.	Supplies and Disposals	Revenue	7,90,14,000	55,000	7,90,69,000	
85.	Department of Rehabilitation	Revenue	24,54,06,000	1,20,000	24,55,26,000	
		Capital	10,15,75,000	10,93,80,000	21,09,55,000	
86.	Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation	Revenue	61,67,000		61,67,000	
87.	Meteorology	Revenue	17,49,38,000		17,49,38,000	
		Capital	6,63,72,000		6,63,72,000	
88.	Aviation	Revenue	33,92,85,000	20,000	33,93,05,000	
		Capital	59,52,50,000	4,00,000	59,56,50,000	
89.	Tourism	Revenue	5,08,55,000		5,08,55,000	
		Capital	7,54,73,000		7,54,73,000	
90.	Ministry of Works and Housing	Revenue	1,30,30,000		1,30,30,000	
91.	Public Works	Revenue	110,65,97,000	5,000	110,66,02,000	
		Capital	29,96,35,000	15,00,000	30,11,35,000	
92.	Water Supply and Sewerage	Revenue	109,98,00,000		109,98,00,000	
93.	Housing and Urban Development	Revenue	22,10,60,000	87,15,000	22,97,75,000	
		Capital	54,24,76,000	25,13,70,000	79,38,46,000	
94.	Stationery and Printing	Revenue	44,89,22,000	8,000	44,89,30,000	
95.	Department of Atomic Energy	Revenue	63,54,000		63,54,000	
96.	Atomic Energy Research, Development and Industrial Projects	Revenue	96,71,35,000		96,71,35,000	
		Capital	89,61,67,000		89,61,67,000	
97.	Nuclear Power Schemes	Revenue	59,00,16,000		59,00,16,000	
		Capital	64,37,68,000		64,37,68,000	
98.	Department of Electronics	Revenue	11,34,59,000		11,34,59,000	
		Capital	6,49,50,000		6,49,50,000	
99.	Department of Science and Technology	Revenue	35,82,52,000		35,82,52,000	
		Capital	1,05,00,000		1,05,00,000	
100.	Survey of India Revenue	Revenue	25,92,99,000	28,000	25,93,27,000	
101.	Grants to Council of Scientific and Industrial Research	Revenue	54,15,07,000		54,15,07,000	
102.	Department of Space	Revenue	40,77,83,000		40,77,83,000	
		Capital	56,03,31,000		56,03,31,000	
103.	Lok Sabha	Revenue	6,39,24,000	1,26,000	6,40,50,000	
104.	Rajya Sabha	Revenue	2,19,15,000	85,000	2,20,00,000	
105.	Department of Parliamentary Affairs	Revenue	23,37,000		23,37,000	
	Charged — Staff, Household and Allowances of the President	Revenue		72,90,000	72,90,000	
106.	Secretariat of the Vice-President	Revenue	6,29,000		6,29,000	
	Charged — Union Public Service Commission	Revenue		2,87,39,000	2,87,39,000	
Total			19590,44,33,000	35630,16,75,000	55220,61,08,000	

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